

Differential Equations for Scientists (IDC205)¹

Academic Session 2016-17

Problem Sheet 01

Due on : August 08, 2016

1. Using a computer program, or otherwise, draw the integral curves for the equation

$$\frac{d}{dx}(y) = x + y$$

passing through

- (a) $P_0 = (0, 0)$, (b) $P_0 = (0, -1)$, (c) $P_0 = (0, 1)$.
- 2. Argue that there is no real valued differentiable function *y* satisfying the differential equation $\left|\frac{d}{dx}(y)\right| + |y| + 1 = 0.$
- 3. Find all values of *n* for which the function $y(x) = x^n$ is the solution of the differential equation

$$x^{3}\frac{d^{3}}{dx^{3}}(y) + 2x^{2}\frac{d^{2}}{dx^{2}}(y) - 10x\frac{d}{dx}(y) - 8y = 0.$$

4. The family of integral curves for a differential equation $\frac{d}{dx}(y) = g(x, y)$ represents circles that pass through the origin and have center on the *x*-axis. Determine the function *g*.

¹An interdisciplinary core elective course taught by Amit Kulshrestha during the odd semester of academic session 2016-17 at IISER Mohali.