## Limits

1. Find the limit superior and the limit inferior of the following sequences. (You may use limit calculations from the notes.)
(1 mark)
(a) $\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)_{n \geq 1}$
(1 mark)
(b) $\left((-1)^{n+1}+\frac{(-1)^{n}}{n}\right)_{n \geq 1}$
(1 mark)
(c) $\left(\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)^{n}-\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)\right)_{n \geq 1}$
(1 mark)
(d) $\frac{n-2}{n^{2}+2 n+1}$
(1 mark)
(e) $\frac{n^{2}-(-1)^{n} 2 n-1}{n^{2}+2 n+1}$
(1 (bonus))
(f) For each $n$, let $k_{n}$ be such that $2^{k_{n}}$ is the smallest power of 2 which is greater than $n$; in other words $2^{k_{n}-1} \leq n<2^{k_{n}}$. Now take the sequence $\left(n / 2^{k_{n}}\right)_{n \geq 1}$.
(1 (bonus))
(g) $(\sin (n))_{n \geq 1}$.
2. Show that the following sequences have a limit.
(1 mark) (a) The sequence $\left(x_{n}\right)_{n \geq 1}$ where

$$
x_{n}=1+\frac{2}{n}+\frac{3}{n^{2}}
$$

(1 mark)
(b) The sequence $\left(x_{n}\right)_{n \geq 1}$ where

$$
x_{n}=\frac{1+2 \frac{1}{n}+3 \frac{1}{n^{2}}}{1-2 \frac{1}{n}+3 \frac{1}{n^{2}}-4 \frac{1}{n^{3}}}
$$

(1 mark)
(c) The sequence $\left(x_{n}\right)_{n \geq 1}$ where

$$
x_{n}=1+2\left(5+\frac{1}{n}\right)+3\left(5+\frac{1}{n}\right)^{2}
$$

(1 mark) (d) The sequence $\left(x_{n}\right)_{n \geq 1}$ where

$$
x_{n}=\frac{1}{1+2\left(5+\frac{1}{n}\right)+3\left(5+\frac{1}{n}\right)^{2}}
$$

(1 mark)
(e) $\left(\left(1+\frac{1}{n+1}\right)^{n}\right)_{n \geq 1}$

